Amendment Dated: June 14, 2010

Reply to Office Action of: July 8, 2009

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A responsive load device adapted to be connected

to an electric load which consumes intermittent or variable electric energy to

maintain a variable of the load between upper and lower limits of the variable, the

upper and lower limits of the variable being derived from and defined around a

setpoint of the variable, the apparatus comprising:

means for receiving an input indicative of the frequency of the mains

power supplied to the load from a grid; and

means responsive thereto to determine a level of stress under which the

grid is operating and to control power consumption by said load in accordance

with the determined stress level and to prevent the setpoint being increased or

decreased in order to make power consumption be increased when a generation

shortage grid stress level exceeds a first maximum threshold value and/or to

prevent the setpoint being increased or decreased in order to make the power

consumption be decreased when a demand shortage grid stress level is below a

first minimum threshold value,

wherein the device is responsive to the demand shortage grid stress level

being below a second minimum threshold value, lower than the first, to increase

the power consumption of the load to a maximum.

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2. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is

responsive to the system generation shortage grid stress level exceeding a

second minimum threshold value, higher than the first, to prevent the load

consuming power.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1, further comprising: A

responsive load device adapted to be connected to an electric load which

consumes intermittent or variable electric energy to maintain a variable of the

load between upper and lower limits of the variable, the upper and lower limits of

the variable being derived from and defined around a setpoint of the variable, the

apparatus comprising:

means for receiving an input indicative of the frequency of the mains

power supplied to the load from a grid;

means responsive thereto to determine a level of stress under which the

grid is operating and to control power consumption by said load in accordance

with the determined stress level and to prevent the setpoint being increased or

decreased in order to make power consumption be increased when a generation

shortage grid stress level exceeds a first maximum threshold value and/or to

prevent the setpoint being increased or decreased in order to make the power

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consumption be decreased when a demand shortage grid stress level is below a

first minimum threshold value;

responsive load control apparatus adapted to be connected to the electric

load which consumes intermittent or variable electric energy in order to maintain

a variable within the controlled upper and lower limits;

means for controlling the power consumed by the load in response to the

frequency of the mains power supplied to the system and the value of said

variable; means for detecting the frequency of mains power supplied to the

electric load and means for detecting the value of the variable of said load;

means for determining the level of instantaneous stress on the grid based on the

detected frequency; and wherein said means for controlling the power consumed

comprises:

means for comparing the detected instantaneous stress level with

predetermined upper and lower instantaneous stress level thresholds,

means for comprising comparing said variable with predetermined upper

and lower thresholds,

means for switching of f off or reducing power supply to the load when

said system instantaneous stress level drops below said lower instantaneous

stress level limit and said variable is within the range defined by the upper and

lower thresholds, and

means for switching on or increasing power supplied to the load when said

instantaneous stress level is above the upper instantaneous stress level limit and

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said variable is within the range defined by the upper and lower thresholds; and further-comprising:

means adapted to automatically optimise or adjust the predetermined threshold values.

5. (Currently Amended) A method for controlling an electric load which receives electrical power from a grid, said electric load consuming intermittent or variable electric energy to maintain a variable between upper and lower limits of the variable, wherein the upper and lower limits are derived from and defined around a setpoint of the variable, said method comprising the steps of:

determining a stress level of the grid from a frequency of the electrical power received by the electric load, and

preventing an increase of the setpoint when the determined stress level exceeds the predetermined maximum threshold and/or preventing a decrease of the setpoint when the determined stress level falls below the predetermined minimum threshold, and

maximising the power consumed by the electric load when the determined stress level of the grid falls below a second minimum threshold, less than the first.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 5, further comprising the step of:

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preventing the electric load from consuming power when the stress level of the grid exceeds a second maximum threshold, greater than the first.

- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Canceled)
- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 4, wherein the device is responsive to the system generation shortage grid stress level exceeding a second minimum threshold value, higher than the first, to prevent the load consuming power.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 4, wherein the device is responsive to the demand shortage grid stress level below a second minimum threshold value, lower than the first, to increase the power consumption of the load to a maximum.